# **MALTED FOOD BEVERAGES**



#### **INTRODUCTION:**

India is fervently poised for the Food Revolution. This ensures agricultural diversification and large investments in food processing. The concept of food security has two dimensions – availability of food and access to food. Thirty percent of the food produced in the country is wasted during storage, infestation, rodents. There is a need to increase the range of foods available to improve overall nutrition. Special foods for malnutrition children, patients suffering from hypertension, diabetes which gives health benefits, are needed. Malted food is proven to be the boost in this respect. Packaging of food products to meet the required specifications has become important to ensure safety and hygiene.

#### **OBJECTIVE:**

- Major objective of this project is to support malnutrition affected children in India. Utilization of
  regional food crops for the purpose of high value nutrition products is the need of the hour to
  eliminate malnutrition in children and pregnant women in India.
- To increase the market potential of value added products based on the regional food crops.
- To encourage entrepreneurs in the region based agriculture raw materials processing to manufacture malted food.

#### **RAW MATERIAL AVAILABILITY:**

The main raw materials for these products are Oats, rye, barley, wheat, sorghum, millet, corn, soya proteins, other types of cereals and legumes, spouted pulses etc. All raw materials are easily available in across India.

The main ingredients in malted beverages are malt extract, cocoa powder, milk solids, liquid glucose and vitamins the product is labeled with the information of nutrition and available energy per 100 gram of product.

#### SUITABLE LOCATION:

Malted Food Beverages can be manufactured at any location.

#### **MARKET OPPORTUNITIES:**

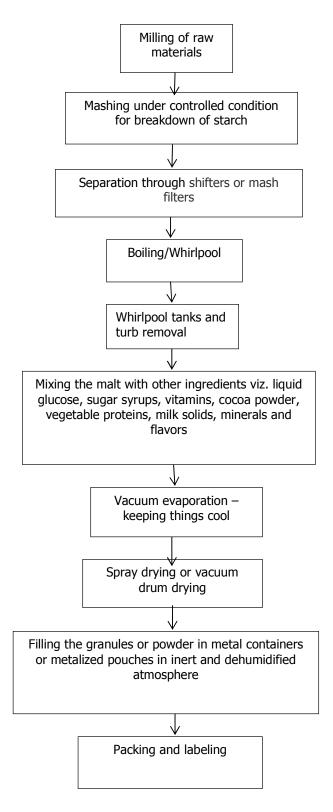
In India, Rs. 14.4 billion malted foods market is composed of two segments - brown and white. Malted beverages with nutritional attributes control around 70% of the total market and energy drinks (brown beverages) account for the rest. The malted food drink industry is dominated by few players. These include brands such as ' Horlicks', 'Complain' and 'Viva', which are mainly known as white beverages. 'Boost', 'Bournvita', 'Milo' and 'Maltova' on the other hand are classified as brown drink. The consumption pattern of malted beverages differs according to usage patterns across geographic zones in the country.

Development of rural infrastructure, rural extension services, agro-based and food processing industries have been given high priority in every five year plan. The process of setting up of Food Parks in various key locations of the country with the involvement of the various state governments and other allied institutions is also playing a major role in development.

Food industries are projected to have overall steady growth between 8% -8.5 % per annum. The other food processing sectors which are projected to achieve excellent growth of 20% and above are –Semi Processed/Cooked Ready to eat (22%), Ice-Cream(20%), Edible/Vegetable oil (20%),Wine(22%).

#### MANUFACTURING PROCESS:

#### Flow Sheet for Making Malt Extracts:



#### Step 1: Milling

The milling equipment consists of removal of stones, dirt, extraneous matter, metals from the grains and further conditioned the grains with required moisture content. The sprouted grains are milled to get malt. For plants using lautertuns, milling is accomplished with four or six-roller mills. For plants using mash filters or other methods, hammer mills are used.

#### Step 2: Mashing

Brewing-grade malt extracts are typically mashed under controlled conditions to produce various degrees of starch breakdown and resultant fermentation. This step involves careful control of the pH and predetermined multiple temperature steps are required during mashing.

Food-grade extracts may be mashed in a variety of methods, but are usually concerned more with optimum extraction speed with desired degree of fermentation. Typically a simple single step mashing process is employed.

#### Step 3: Separation

In the modern brewing-grade plants, the wort is separated from the spent grains in lautertuns or mash filters. Both these methods produce high-quality worts and can be set up for high throughput, with as many as 10-14 brews per day.

#### Step 4: Boiling/Whirlpool

Boiling and hot break separation is used in brewing-grade products to achieve sterilization, coagulation of proteins, volatilization of di-methyl sulfide (DMS gas) precursors, isomerization of hops, etc. Hopped extracts are boiled for long period in order to achieve better hop utilization, though many are made with hop extracts to achieve better consistency. This also reduces the need for boiling. Unhopped extracts are typically boiled only long enough to achieve good protein coagulation. Because of the large scale of malt extract brew houses use highly efficient boiling systems.

Food grade plants often do not use brew kettles or whirlpool tanks and frequently run wort straight from the lautertun to buffer tanks to feed the evaporator.

#### Step 5: Whirlpool Tanks and Trub Removal

Brewing-grade plants remove proteins coagulated during the process using whirlpool tanks or centrifuges. This produces a clearer overall extract suitable for brewing. Some also go an extra step and remove additional "cold break" prior to evaporation.

#### Step 6: Mixing of malt with other ingredients

This step include mixing of malt with other ingredients viz liquid glucose, sugar syrups, vitamins, cocoa powder, powder, milk solids, minerals and flavors. Further the mixture is homogenized.

#### Step 6: Vacuum Evaporation — Keeping Things Cool

It is concentrated in vacuum evaporators.

#### Step 7: Spray Drying

There are several types of dryers that can be used to produce malt extract. They can be divided into two types, atmospheric and vacuum. For powder making spray dryers are used and for granule making rotary dryers are used.

#### **CAPACITY OF THE PROJECT:**

• The total capacity of the unit is 120 MT per year.

#### **PRODUCTION TARGETS (PER ANNUM):**

- The scheme is worked out per shift (8 Hour) basis and 300 working days per annum.
- Assume there'll be 70% production in first year.
- Quantity: 84 MT per year or 7 MT per month.

#### **PROJECT COMPONENT AND COST:**

Major components of the projects and their costs are described in the table hereunder:

## Financial Aspects:-

## **APPLICATION OF FUNDS**

Particular	Amount
Land Building	600 sq. meter covered area on rent
Plant & Machinery	11,110,000.00
Office Equipment & Furniture Working Capital Pre-Operative Expenses	100,000.00 1,634,488.84 25,000.00
Total	12,869,488.84

## SOURCE OF FUND

Particular	Amount
Own Capital Loan from Banks	3,571,619.99 8,407,500.00
Loan for Working Capital	891,479.97
Total	12,870,599.95

## FIXED ASSETS

(1)	Land And Building:			Value (Rs.)
	Land & Building 600 sq. meter covered area on rent			300,000 per annum
(2)	Machinery And Equipment:			
S. N.	Description (Name of machine with specification)	Qty.	Rate	Value (Rs.)
	Production Unit			
i	Milling machine with de-stoner	1	650,000	650,000.00
ii	Magnetic seperator and washing and conditioning silos	1	300,000	300,000.00
iii	Whirlpool tanks made of SS,stirring arrrangement homogenizer double jacketed	2	550,000	1,100,000.00
iv	Blending Tanks	1	400,000	400,000.00
v	Vacuume Evaporator	1	1,400,000	1,400,000.00
vi	Spray dryer	1	5,000,000	5,000,000.00
vii	Powder Filling and Packing machine	1	500,000	500,000.00
viii	Bar-coding and printing maching	1	250,000	250,000.00
ix	Boiller	1	200,000	200,000.00
x	Effluent treatment Plant	1	200,000	200,000.00
xi	Miscelleneous Equipments / items	-	-	100,000.00
	Total Cost of Machinery & Equipments			10,100,000.00
	Electrification & Installation Charges @ 10%			1,010,000.00
	Total Cost of Production Unit			11,110,000.00
	Furniture & Fixtures		-	100,000.00
3	Pre-Operative Expenses:		-	25,000.00
	Total Fixed Capital (2+3)		-	11,135,000.00

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Particulars	Mode	Year' 1
Capacity Utilisation		70%
Daily Production at 100% capacity-No of Pkts	400.00	
No of Working days per annum	300	
Annual Production	Kg	84,000.00
Wastage	%	2.00
Net Production	Kg	82,320.00
GROSS CONSUMPT	ΓΙΟΝ	
Legumes	Kg	75,460.00
Other ingredients: cocoa powder, milk solids, liquid glucose, vitamins etc.	Kg	6,860.00
Rate (Per Kg)	Pe	25.00
Legumes Other ingredients: cocoa powder, milk solids, liquid glucose,	Rs	35.00
vitamins etc.	Rs	75.00
Annual Consumpt	tion	
Legumes	Rs	2,641,100.00
Other ingredients: cocoa powder, milk solids, liquid glucose, vitamins etc.	Rs	514,500.00
Total		3,155,600.00
Stock of Raw Material	30 days	259,364.38
Stock of WIP	02 days	14,471.78
Purchase Cost of Raw Material	Rs	3,429,436.16

## WORKING CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Particulars	Days	Year' 1
Raw Material	30	259,364.38
Work in Process	2	14,471.78
Finished Goods	10	211,639.03
Receivables	30	1,234,800.00
Advance/Security		200,000.00
Total		1,920,275.19
Less: Creditors	30	285,786.35
Net Current Assets		1,634,488.84
Paid Stock		199,688.84
75% of Paid Stock		149,766.63
60% of Book Debts		740,880.00
Bank Limits		890,646.63
Margin for Working Capital		743,842.21

# SELLING & ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES (1)

#### STAFF AND LABOUR EXPENSES

	Particular	Year I
i	Postage	30,000.00
ii	Commission on sales	120,000.00
iii	Office Expenses	90,000.00
iv	Tour & Travel	80,000.00
v	Printing & Stationary	50,000.00
vi	Advertisement	180,000.00
vii	Telephone	65,000.00
viii	Repair & Maintenance	190,000.00
ix	Conveyance	100,000.00
x	Sales expenses	120,000.00
xi	Insurance	100,000.00
xii	Misc. Expenses	80,000.00
	Total	1205000.00

Description	No.	Salary	Total Salaries- Year I
Administrative & Sup	erviso	ory	
Production Manager	1	15,000.00	180000.00
Supervisor/storekeeper Accountant	1 1	10,000.00 10,000.00	120,000.00 120,000.00
Salesman	2	8,000.00	192,000.00
Peon/watchman Sweeper	1 1	5,000.00 5,000.00	60,000.00 60000.00
Total Salaries			732,000.00
Technical Skilled & U	nskille	ed	
Skilled Worker	1	10,000.00	120,000.00
Semi Skilled Worker	2	8,000.00	192,000.00
Helper	3	5000	180,000.00
Total Wages			492,000.00
Grand Total			1,224,000.00
	Administrative & Super Production Manager Supervisor/storekeeper Accountant Salesman Peon/watchman Sweeper Total Salaries Technical Skilled & Un Skilled Worker Semi Skilled Worker Helper Total Wages	Administrative & Supervisor         Production Manager       1         Supervisor/storekeeper       1         Accountant       1         Salesman       2         Peon/watchman       1         Sweeper       1         Total Salaries       1         Skilled Worker       2         Helper       3         Total Wages       1	Administrative & SupervisorProduction Manager115,000.00Supervisor/storekeeper110,000.00Accountant110,000.00Salesman28,000.00Peon/watchman15,000.00Sweeper15,000.00Total Salaries5,000.00Skilled Worker110,000.00Semi Skilled Worker28,000.00Helper35000Total Wages5,000

### MANUFACTURING AND PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT

Particulars	Year' 1
Sales Value of Malted Food Powder @ Rs. 180 per Kg.	14,817,600.00
Cost of Production: Raw Material Consumed: Opening Stock	
Add: Purchases	3,429,436.16
Less: Closing Stock	3,429,436.16 259,364.38
Raw Material Consumption Add: Op Stock of WIP	3,170,071.78
Less: Cl Stock of WIP	3,170,071.78 14,471.78
Power & Fuel	3,155,600.00 900,000.00
Manufacturing Wages Bonus & Incentives	492,000.00 34,440.00
Packaging Materials Rent	1,000,000.00 300,000.00
Raw material storage & ins.	24,600.00
Carriage inward Depreciation	30,864.93 1,681,500.00

## **BALANCE SHEET**

Particulars	Year' 1
Liabilities:	
Capital	3,571,342.21
Reserve & Surplus	1,768,780.19
Secured Loan: Term Loan	6,726,000.00
Unsecured loan:	
Current Liabilities:	
Bank Borrowings	890,646.63
Sundry Creditors	285,786.35 13,242,555.38
Assets:	
Fixed Assets: Gross Block:	11,210,000.00
Less: Depreciation	1,681,500.00
	9,528,500.00
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<b>Total Cost of Production</b> Add: Op. Stock of Finish. Goods Less: Cls. Stock of F. Goods <b>Cost of Sales</b>	<b>7,619,004.93</b> 7,619,004.93 211,639.03 <b>7,407,365.90</b>	Current Assets: Inventories Receivables Advance/Security Cash & Bank Balance	485,475.19 1,234,800.00 200,000.00 1,773,780.19
Gross Profit	7,410,234.10	Preliminary Expenses	20,000.00
	0.50	-	13,242,555.38
Selling & Admin Cost:		=	
Expenses Salary	1,205,000.00 732,000.00	Difference	0.00
Financial Expenses:			
Interest on Term Loan	1,145,521.88		
Interest on W. Capital	111,330.83		
Pre. Expenses	5,000.00		
Profit Before Taxation	4,211,381.40		
Taxation	1,263,414.42		
Net Profit After Taxation	2,947,966.98		
Cash withdrawal	1,179,186.79		
Transfer to Reserves	1,768,780.19		
Cumulative Reserves	1,768,780.19		
% of PBT on Sales	28.42		

# RATIO ANALYSIS

Particulars	Year' 1
Net Profit ratio	
Net Profit ratio	
NP*100/Total sales	19.90
Rate of Return	
NP*100/Total Investment	22.91

# **BREAK EVEN ANALYSIS**

Fixed Cost	
Rent Interest on Borrowing 40% of Salaries 40% of Utilities 25% of Admin Exp Depreciation	300,000.00 1,145,521.88 292,800.00 360,000.00 301,250.00 1,681,500.00
Total	4,081,071.88
Break Even Point	Fixed Cost * 100 Fixed Cost + Profit
	58.06

#### **ADDRFESS OF MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT SUPPLIERS:**

- M/s Bajaj Processpack Maschinen Pvt. Ltd., 7/27, Jai Lakshmi Industrial Estate, Sahibabad Industrial Area, Sahibabad, Dist. Ghaziabad (U.P.) 201301.
- M/s Kanchan Metals Pvt Ltd., 19G, Everest House, 46C, Jawaharlal Nehru Road, Kolkata (West Bengal) - 700 071.
- M/s Hindustan Insustries, Flat No. 6, Building No. P 11/12, Gandharvanagri, Pune-Nashik Highway, Moshi, Pune 412105, Maharashtra, India
- M/s KSJ Foods & Services Pvt. Ltd., 7/87, Vishnu Prasad, Mahanti Road, Vile Parle (E), Mumbai 400057.
- M/s Econo Mode Food Equipment (India) Private Limited, B 6, 5 Acre, Kothari Compound, Tikuji Ni Wadi Road, Thane 400607, Maharashtra.